For the first time in a generation, the British government is openly preparing for the possibility of war on home soil. In a stark warning issued as part of its latest national security strategy, the UK has acknowledged that threats from states like Russia, Iran, and China are no longer distant concerns but real and growing dangers. Prime Minister Keir Starmer, speaking at the NATO summit in The Hague, made it clear: the country must now face the uncomfortable truth that it could be drawn into a large-scale conflict, possibly even within its borders.

This dramatic shift in tone is backed by a sweeping new Strategic Defence Review, which calls for nothing less than a transformation of the UK's defence posture. Led by former NATO Secretary-General Lord Robertson, the review outlines how Britain must not only modernize its military but also prepare society for the demands of a major war. From reinforcing cyber and energy infrastructure to running national crisis drills, the recommendations reflect a deep concern that the UK must be able to transition rapidly into a war-ready footing against a peer-level adversary.

At the heart of this pivot is a bold financial commitment. Defence spending is set to rise from its current level of 2.3% of GDP to 2.5% by 2027, with an eye toward hitting an ambitious 5% by 2035. This would amount to an additional £40 billion a year, funding that will go toward expanding missile defence systems, boosting domestic arms production, enhancing intelligence operations, and developing new military technologies like drones and artificial intelligence.

Top military officials have echoed the urgency. General Sir Roly Walker, head of the British Army, has warned that the UK must be ready to fight a high-intensity war by the end of the decade. Though war is not inevitable, he said, it is now plausible, and failing to prepare would be a historic mistake.

However, the warnings have sparked debate. Critics question whether the UK's armed forces, which have faced years of underfunding and recruitment challenges, can realistically scale up so quickly. Others worry about the economic strain of diverting resources from public services to defence.

Still, the message from the government is clear: in today's volatile world, Britain must be ready, not just to deter war, but to withstand it if it comes.